

DOMANDA N. 1

1. Può indicarci quali sono le voci principali/essenziali da inserire nel menù del sito web di un progetto europeo?
2. Quali attività sono pianificate nell'organizzazione di un evento finale di progetto?
3. Che cos'è la Commissione Europea? Fare riferimento al tema salute e ad eventuali Agenzie esecutive collegate con la Commissione Europea sul tema stesso.
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

The European Union's Erasmus+ programme is a funding scheme to support activities in the fields of Education, Training, Youth and Sport.

The Programme is made up of three so-called "Key Actions" and two additional actions. They are managed partly at the national level by National Agencies and partly at the European level by the EACEA. The European Commission is responsible for Erasmus+ policies and oversees the overall programme implementation. Erasmus+ offers opportunities for:

- *individuals to spend a mobility or volunteering period abroad and to receive linguistic training,*
- *organisations to collaborate in project partnerships in the fields of academic and vocational training, schools, adult learning and European sport events.*
- *Erasmus+ also supports teaching, research, networking and policy debate on EU topics.*

DOMANDA N. 2

1. Qual è il ruolo del Comitato europeo delle Regioni (CdR)?
2. Cosa si intende con il termine “disseminazione dei risultati di progetto”?
3. Conosce alcune piattaforme on line per le videoconferenze? Quali vantaggi si possono avere tramite il loro utilizzo?
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

Digital Health Europe is funded under the Horizon 2020 Programme and aims at supporting large-scale deployment of digital solutions for person-centered integrated care. This will be achieved by identifying, analysing and facilitating the replication of impactful best practices, twining schemes and mobilisation of stakeholders, thanks to the consortium's exceptional expertise.

The project will facilitate the forming of collaboration platforms on key aspects of the digital transformation of health and care priorities of the Digital Single Market. Partners have engaged to work on several Digital Transformation of Health and Care priorities, starting from the citizens secure access to European Health Records and sharing their health data, better data to advance research, improvement of digital tools for citizen empowerment and person-centred integrated care interaction between patients and healthcare providers.

DOMANDA N. 3

1. Come si rilevano tempi e costi che il personale dedica ai progetti europei?
2. Quali sono i principali social network utilizzati nelle attività di disseminazione?
3. Può indicarci alcuni siti istituzionali dove reperire informazioni utili nell'ambito del tema salute a livello nazionale/internazionale?
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

The European Commission (EC) is the executive branch of the European Union, responsible for proposing legislation, implementing decisions, upholding the EU treaties and managing the day-to-day business of the EU. Commissioners swear an oath at the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg City, pledging to respect the treaties and to be completely independent in carrying out their duties during their mandate. The Commissioners are proposed by the Council of the European Union, on the basis of suggestions made by the national governments, and then appointed by the European Council after the approval of the European Parliament. It is common, although not a formal requirement, that the commissioners have previously held senior political positions, such as being a member of the European Parliament or a government minister.

DOMANDA N. 4

1. Che cosa si intende con “exploitation” dei risultati in un progetto europeo?
2. Conosce alcune reti europee nell’ambito della salute? Ne può elencare almeno 2 e darne una descrizione?
3. Che cosa si intende con le parole: work package, leaflet, deliverable, milestone nei progetti Europei?
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

Digital technologies and in particular the internet are transforming our world and the European Commission wants to make the EU’s single market fit for the digital age – moving from 28 national digital markets to a single one.

Up until now, EU citizens and businesses have often faced barriers when using online tools and services. These barriers mean that consumers have restricted access to some goods and services, businesses cannot reap all benefits from digitisation, and governments and citizens cannot fully benefit from this digital transformation. The Digital Single Market opens new opportunities, as it removes key differences between online and offline worlds, breaking down the barriers to cross-border online activity.

The Digital Single Market strategy was adopted on 6 May 2015 and is one of the European Commission’s 10 political priorities.

DOMANDA N. 5

1. Quali sono i principali programmi di grafica web attualmente in utilizzo? Citi quello che meglio sa usare e le sue caratteristiche.
2. Che differenza c'è tra disseminazione e comunicazione in un progetto europeo?
3. Conosce alcuni Programmi europei che finanziano attività ambito della salute (cenni anche alla nuova programmazione 2021-2027)? Ne può elencare almeno 2 e darne una descrizione?
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

EUREGHA's vision is to ensure that the local and regional perspective is represented in EU health policy.

The importance of local and regional health authorities is central, as they represent the natural interface between citizens and national and European institutions. They exert a pivotal role in improving the efficiency and quality of health care systems and services, and in promoting public health.

EUREGHA is the only European network that represents regional and local health authorities as a priority, and understands their specific needs. By joining EUREGHA, members commit to work towards strengthening the voice of local and regional authorities in EU health policy.

DOMANDA N. 6

1. Come si rilevano tempi e costi che il personale dedica ai progetti europei?
2. Conosce alcune piattaforme on line per le videoconferenze? Quali attività aggiuntive garantiscono?
3. Che cos'è una newsletter? Descrivere i passi necessari per la preparazione e divulgazione di una newsletter. Conosce alcuni strumenti gratuiti per l'invio?
4. Legga il testo in inglese e traduca in italiano

Vaccines have revolutionised modern medicine and have helped to reduce the spread of – and in some cases even eradicate – deadly diseases. As the main tool for the primary prevention of communicable diseases, vaccines are amongst the most efficient and cost-effective measures in the fight against such illnesses.

New challenges are constantly arising in the field of vaccination, with the current COVID-19 pandemic – and the urgent need to produce a vaccine against the disease – exemplifying this. In addition to these new challenges, numerous challenges still remain with respect to existing vaccines. In recent years, several EU countries have faced unprecedented outbreaks of vaccine-preventable diseases. The European Parliament, Commission and other experts have highlighted a decline in public confidence on vaccination and insufficient vaccination coverage rates.